



192D TACTICAL FIGHTER GROUP

VANGUARD

VIRGINIA AIR NATIONAL GUARD



30th Year, No. 5

Byrd IAP, Sandston, Virginia

May 1986



Drug testing implemented 1 April

The Air National Guard in Virginia and in all other states and territories are laying out a program to test personnel for illegal drug use. As directed by the National Guard Bureau, each state implemented the program on April 1. In Virginia, actual urinalysis will begin as soon as final details on conducting the program come down from the Bureau.

The program will test for use of marijuana; if abuse of other drugs is suspected, they to may be checked. The Guard Bureau is requiring each state to test between one and two percent of its actual strength each month. In Virginia, this means 11 to 22 different people will be tested each month. Selection of those to be tested will be done by random sampling procedures. Through random sampling, a person could be tested each UTA.

The program is intended to bring the Air Guard in line with testing being conducted by the active services and within the Department of Defense regulations. It is not meant to be a punitive measure, but rather designed to prevent drug abuse. In order to protect military resources paid for with tax dollars, the program will also identify abusers and develop evidence for any appropriate actions mandated by the Uniformed Code of Military Justice (UCMJ).

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Graham-Rudman could change the way we do business

Supporters have hailed it as legislation that "forces decisions."

Critics have labeled it unconstitutional and "the dumbest piece of legislation" they have seen.

Whatever the feelings, the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 remains one of the most controversial measures passed by Congress in recent memory.

Few people yet understand what impact Gramm-Rudman will have on federal spending. Whatever the effect, it is particularly important for Air Force members to understand the legislation and how it might impact military spending.

"It will change the way the Air Force does business in FY 86," said Maj. Gen. Leo W. Smith, II, Air Force Budget Director.

Passed by Congress in December 1985, Gramm-Rudman is an effort to curb the federal deficit and balance the budget by 1991. That anti-deficit legislation sets a deficit ceiling for each year that would progressively lessen the growth of the nation's nearly \$200 billion annual budget deficit. By 1991, the federal budget would be "balanced" just like a person's checking account.

The year-by-year deficit ceiling set by Gramm-Rudman is:

- 1986 - \$171.9 billion
- 1987 - \$144 billion
- 1988 - \$108 billion
- 1989 - \$72 billion
- 1990 - \$36 billion
- 1991 - Zero

Whenever the budget passed by Congress fails to meet these yearly deficit ceilings, Gramm-Rudman triggers across-the-board cuts. The fiscal year 1986 budget, for instance, missed the targeted deficit ceiling.

Under these automatic cuts and special provisions of the law, the Federal Government has to slash \$11.7 billion in outlays from the FY

86 budget. Defense was required to absorb half this amount, or \$5.9 billion in outlays.

Because of the difference between outlays (actual cash payments) and budget authority (authority to obligate the government), more than \$13 billion in budget authority for DOD had to be cut. This amounted to a 4.9 percent across-the-board reduction.

The Air Force share of the reductions this year is more than \$4.8 billion, including reduction for the Guard and Reserves. Procurement accounts will shoulder more than half those cuts, more than \$2.7 billion.

The remaining Air Force cuts for FY 86 are (in millions):

- Operation & Maintenance - \$1,089.
- Research, Development, Test and Evaluation - \$758.
- Military Construction and Family Housing - \$205.
- Military Personnel - \$54.
- Stock Funds, including Fuels and Other Expendable Supplies - \$20.

The anti-deficit legislation cuts "kicked in" March 1. Therefore, those FY 86 cuts must be realized over a seven month period, March - September 1986.

The Defense Department cut 4.9 percent from all areas of military spending, except three. The Reagan Administration exempted most military personnel accounts, the strategic defense initiative program and certain firm fixed-price or multi-year contracts.

The Gramm-Rudman legislation allows the administration to exempt military personnel accounts this fiscal year only. This flexibility would not be available in future years if the Gramm-Rudman provisions are triggered.

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Personnel News

RECRUITING ASSISTANCE NEEDED

Starting 7 May 1986, the 192d TFG Recruiting Office will be working scheduled Wednesday nights, devoting the time to strictly a telephone/-mailout program. Through this program, we hope to establish solid recruiting leads for the enlistment and/or appointment of individuals into the Virginia Air National Guard.

As a member of the Virginia Air National Guard, you too, can help. The recruiters cannot do it alone. We are asking volunteers to work with the recruiters to assist with this program. As a current member of the unit, you can be a valuable tool in helping us to increase our units' membership. The first Wednesday night will be devoted to strictly orienting each volunteer to some of the questions you may be subject to answer.

Although the Wednesday night periods will be devoted to the telephone/mailout program, we do not want to exclude ourselves from other programs we can develop. If you are willing to occasionally volunteer some of your time to work in the shopping malls, represent the unit at civic organizations, then we need you.

Remember, being a member of the Virginia Air National Guard is something to be proud of. Show that interest and appreciation and volunteer your time. To put your name on the recruiting volunteer force list, call MSG Fedorsak, 222-8884, Ext. 316, or CPT Barker, 222-8884, Ext. 318. We look forward to hearing from you.

OFFICER APPLICATIONS BEING ACCEPTED

The CBPO is currently accepting applications from individuals who are interested in obtaining a commission in the unit. The 192d TFG Commander's policy for filling vacant non-rated/non-professional positions within the unit is that a pool of applicants be established at the beginning of each fiscal year (1 October). The pool will consist of 6 individuals. These 6 individuals will be selected from all applications received, and those who meet the necessary qualification requirements. Individuals who are placed in the pool are reminded that should they not be selected for a vacant position during the year, they must reapply the following year. They are not automatically retained in the pool at the beginning of the new fiscal year. Some of the basic requirements for a commission are as follows:

1. **AGE:** Individuals approaching the maximum commissioning age must have their application initiated NLT their 34th birthday. Absolutely no age waivers will be considered.

2. **EDUCATION:** A bachelors degree is desired. Waivers of education will be considered. Requirements for a waiver will be explained to you in detail by a CBPO representative.

3. **TEST REQUIREMENTS:** All applicants must take the Air Force Officer Qualifying Test. If you have previously tested, your test scores cannot be more than 2 years old. If so, you must retest. Please contact the CBPO immediately to schedule a time. Required qualifying score requirements will be explained by a CBPO representative. Deadline for submission of application is 1 July 1986. Applications received after that date will not be considered. If applicants qualify on the AFOQT, they will be required to furnish the

CBPO additional documents/information to be put before the selection board for review. Failure to furnish the required information within the specified date will result in the application not being considered.

For those individuals interested in becoming officers in the VaANG, contact MSG Brown of the CBPO, Ext. 381.

UNDERGRADUATE PILOT TRAINING

The CBPO is currently accepting applications from individuals who are interested in obtaining an Undergraduate Pilot Training (UPT) position. Applicants must complete AMS and enter undergraduate flying training before reaching age 27 1/2. Those individuals interested in applying, please contact MSG Brown of the CBPO, Ext. 381/310 for further details. Deadline for submission of applications is 1 July 1986.

ROPA PROMOTIONS

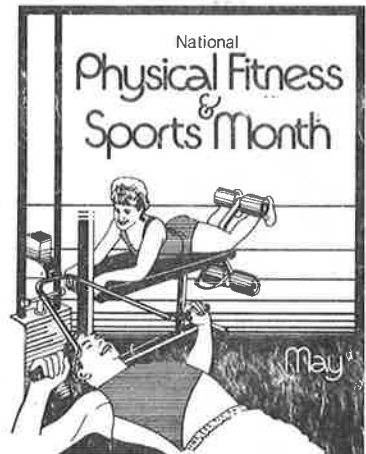
The FY 87 Reserve Captain Selection Board is scheduled to convene on 11 August 1986. The eligibility criteria are: PSD: 30 Sep 83 or earlier; TYSD: 30 Sep or earlier.

Individuals who are eligible to meet the ROPA Board will be notified by the CBPO. Please contact MSG Brown or CPT Barker of the CBPO if you have any questions concerning either ROPA or Unit Vacancy Promotions, Ext. 381/318.

PROMOTIONS

This is a reminder that all Deserving Airmen Promotion requests to the grades of E-6/E-7 must be submitted to the CBPO NLT 1 August 1986. Any requests received after that date will not be accepted.

Deserving Airmen Promotion requests to the grade of E-5 may be submitted monthly IAW ANGR 39-29. If you have any questions concerning promotions, please contact SMS Norman or MSG Brown, CBPO, Ext. 310/381.



This funded Air Force newspaper is an authorized publication for members of the U.S. military services. Contents of the VANGUARD are not necessarily the official views of, or endorsed by, the U.S. Government, the Department of Defense, or the Department of the Air Force.

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192d Tactical Fighter Group
Virginia Air National Guard

"Editorial Staff"

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Enlisted Advisor's Report

/ CMS Dave Lutz

Senior Enlisted Advisor

Most of you are aware that the Air National Guard has, particularly in the past two years, been putting increased emphasis on giving its deserving members proper recognition. During this period, authorizations for such awards as the Meritorious Service Medal and the Air Medal have increased by 15 percent. Since Guard personnel cannot be paid more for an exceptional performance, as is done in private industry, it's up to all of us to see that they receive deserved recognition in other ways. A wide range of certificates, plaques, and medals are available for this purpose.

In a unit that receives as many awards as ours, there are individuals or groups of individuals that are responsible for these successes and should be appropriately awarded. In my opinion, the receipt of an Air Force or Guard Bureau award should generate at least a state award to those responsible in appreciation of the honor they brought to all of us. If an individual performs above that level defined as "doing his/her job," then there is an award designed to cover that level of performance and should be awarded.

Some of you have had the impression that recommendations for medals had to come from an individual's commander. This is not exactly correct. Recommendations may be initiated at any level by anyone and are normally endorsed up the chain of command from the initiating individual. This is important since an individual's peers or immediate supervisor are often in a better position than the commander to be aware of exceptional performance. A commander who recommends award for the NCOIC of a section with superior performance should expect to receive, from that NCO, award recommendations for personnel of his section who contributed the most towards that superior performance. As I observe the ribbons being worn by those appearing before me on E-8 and E-9 promotion boards, it's hard to believe that an individual can progress this far in a unit such as ours without even a Virginia Commendation Medal.

Our Outstanding Airman and Guardsman of the Year program has had its ups and downs, but a recent occurrence will do much to strengthen and highlight it. In the past, our annually-selected individual had to compete with the Army for the

Guardsman of the Year title. Since we are outmanned by the Army by 8 to 1 in nominations and on the selection board, our entries had little success. A discussion with Maj. Gen. Castles recognized this inequality and authorized a rewrite of the regulations to end the Air/Army competition and a parallel series of awards to the selected Air Guardsman and Army Guardsman of the Year.

Under the revised program, the individuals selected as Airman, NCO, and Senior NCO of the Year will each receive the Virginia National Guard Commendation Medal. From these three will be selected the Air Guardsman of the Year who will receive the Virginia National Guard Bronze Star Medal, the Minute Man Trophy, and a \$50.00 U.S. Savings Bond. All annual award winners will receive their awards at the annual state EANGUS conference. The specifics of this changed program are covered under VaANGR 900-7 which is in preparation for distribution.

ANGR 900-2 covers awards and decorations, but the ANG Individual Decoration Guide is the best publication to consult for recommendation examples and preparational procedures. Additional guidance and help is available from the personnel in each squadron who have been processing the recommendations most recently. We're off to a good start. Let's keep the ball rolling by getting awards to those who have gotten us where we are today.

VaANG RECRUITER OF THE YEAR

Technical Sergeant Lloyd L. Meredith has been chosen as the Outstanding Virginia Air National Guard Recruiter of the Year for 1985. Sergeant Meredith was chosen for his outstanding efforts for recruiting non-prior service personnel into the Virginia Air National Guard. Sergeant Meredith was directly responsible for entering 18 NPS individuals into the unit, with a 100% BMT completion rate for 1985. His efforts are a contributing factor for the VaANG continually maintaining the high quality force that we have. Sergeant Meredith has been a recruiter with the Virginia Air National Guard for approximately 2 1/2 years. During this time, he has proven himself to be a true professional with dedication to this unit and the United States Air Force. His contributions to the unit are commendable. Congratulations for a job well done.

Physical fitness testing for all personnel assigned to **GROUP HQ** will also begin this UTA. Scheduled times are at 1600 on Saturday, 3 May and 0730 on Sunday, 4 May. Personnel will assemble in front of the O&T Building. Members may also run with the Combat Support Squadron at 0900 on 3 May. Any questions, call TSG Patti Stanley, X301.

BENEFITS

Guard members, remember those great Air Guard benefits at reenlistment time—including low cost life insurance, recreational facilities, BX and commissary privileges, and space-available air travel.



INVOICE NO 21700



KEEP GUARDING AMERICA'S SKIES.

SATURDAY
Catholic Service
0930

SUNDAY
General Protestant
0800

Chapel services will be conducted in the CE Building Conference Room.

Your Chaplain, LTC Xel Sant'Anna, is available to you and your family 24 hours a day. Do not hesitate to call him if you think he can help or assist you in any way. His telephone numbers are: "A" 387, "C" 66, or 737-0635 (Home) and 737-1527 (Church).

Graham-Rudman...

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Pentagon Comptroller Robert W. Helm said that if the administration had not exempted military personnel accounts from those cuts, more than 200,000 people would have had to be discharged from the military this fiscal year.

Maj. Gen. Winfield S. Harpe, Director of Air Force Personnel Programs, said, "While we were able to protect most of our 'people programs' from Gramm-Rudman this fiscal year, we still realized some cuts in that area."

For example:

PCS Moves - \$29.5 million in PCS monies was cut this fiscal year. Certain PCS moves scheduled for this summer (approximately 27,000 July to September) will be delayed two months or in some cases cancelled.

Early Outs - \$17 million will be saved by allowing some early outs this fiscal year. This means airmen in the continental United States who are already scheduled to leave the Air Force between May 15 and September 30 may be discharged one to four months early.

Civilian Workers - The military generally funds its civilian worker positions under operation and maintenance, not military personnel accounts. Overall, civilian pay was cut 2 percent. Civilian personnel officials said that cut "will be absorbed primarily through selective rehiring procedures."

Medical Care - Under the Gramm-Rudman cuts, Air Force medical funds were cut \$42 million this fiscal year. However, medical officials have pledged the Air Force will not compromise the quality of its medical care.

Instead, they plan to defer equipment replacement, eliminate some travel and take other management actions to meet those cuts.

Commissary Service - The Air Force Commissary Service (AFCOMS) operation and maintenance funds were cut \$5 million. Therefore, AFCOMS system-wide will cut store hours an average of 30 minutes a day.

Maj. Gen. M. Gary Alkire, AFCOMS Commander, said, "we are very sensitive to commissary patron needs and will ensure patrons continue receiving the excellent commissary service that has become AFCOMS trademark."

The Gramm-Rudman legislation will affect every facet of the Air Force and every avenue of Air Force life this fiscal year.

Mr. Helm predicted, "You're going to have less ammunition; you're going to have less day of readiness,

you're going to have fewer spares, fewer support items."

Mr. Helm said that although no DOD programs or weapon systems have been lost under the Gramm-Rudman reductions - "we simply have 5 percent less dollars to implement them with," he said.

Pentagon officials explained that the Air Force has made every effort to minimize the impact of those anti-deficit cuts on readiness. However, those efforts were sometimes frustrated.

For instance, cuts to the Air Force operation and maintenance accounts have reduced flying hours Air Force wide by 22,000.

"The full impact of Gramm-Rudman on the Air Force mission is still being assessed," General Smith said.

For next fiscal year, the Gramm-Rudman legislation sets a \$144 billion debt ceiling. President Reagan's proposed budget for FY 86 produces a \$143.6 billion deficit - just under the target.

If congress okays the President's budget, no further cuts would be needed. If not, automatic cuts would "kick in" again next fiscal year. (AFNS)



Blood drive in July

The Virginia Air National Guard will conduct a Blood Drive on 13 July 1986 from 0800-1230.

A Note From the Richmond Metropolitan Blood Service.

The Richmond Metropolitan Blood Service thanks you for your commitment to the blood program. Our community depends on organizations like yours in order to maintain a safe and adequate blood supply. As you know, there is no substitute for blood and each unit donated can help save up to three lives. Because blood is a vital community resource and used on a daily basis, it is important that each drive reach the goal that has been set.

We appreciate your participation and cooperation in taking on this important responsibility. We thank you for your support and are confident you will have a successful blood drive.

May 1, 1986

NATIONAL DAY OF PRAYER



You paid how much for that

As a customer for supply, you may have often asked yourself that question when looking at the documentation for property received through Air Force supply channels. If you are not aware of it, there is a program under which you can challenge prices to determine if it is excessive. AFR 400-17, ZERO OVERPRICING, covers in detail how you, the customer, may respond to questions on pricing. Paragraph 1 of this regulation states, "The purpose of the Zero Overpricing Program is to eliminate overpricing in Air Force acquisitions, to furnish a means for all Air Force material users to become involved in promoting more efficient use of funds and to provide for recognition and awards for such personnel under AFR 900-4. Reasons for overpricing include contracting errors, to rigid specifications, excessive urgency and repetitive small quantity purchases of the same item. Usually, overpricing falls into two categories; payment of a higher price for something when a less expensive alternative is available or can be readily developed, or payment in excess of prices that are fair and reasonable." Help Base Supply help you control overpricing. If you feel you have been charged excessively for an item requisitioned through other than local purchase channels, contact TSG Tom Sheehy, Customer Service Representative in Supply, at Ext. 542.

We need your help

The Virginia Air National Guard will sponsor the 3rd Annual 10-K Special foot race to raise money for the Virginias Special Olympics. This years race will be held on May 31, 1986.

As in the past, many volunteers are needed to assist in all aspects of the race. Because all race activities will last only a few hours, volunteers will be through with their assigned tasks by approximately eleven o'clock in the morning.

It's a fun time for all. Ask anyone who volunteered last year and they will tell you. Just contact SMS Gary Brooks on Ext. 319 and tell him you want to volunteer your services.

Please help the Virginia Air National Guard help our community. Volunteer!!

The Air Force Assistance Fund

Basically, as of the end of the March UTA the 1986 Air Force Assistance Fund Drive for the 192d TFG has collected over \$1370 from over 350 members of the unit. This drive will continue thru May, so it is important that all contributions be made as early as possible so as to be included in the final total. In past years, the Virginia Air

National Guard has distinguished itself among all other Air Guard units by being the largest contributor to this charity. Both in total amount

and on a per member basis. This year, with your help, should be no different. When an AFAF Keyworker asks for your contribution, please be ready to give a fair amount.

Enlisted Widows Home

Air Force Aid Society

Air Force Village

Retiree's Association

There will be a meeting of the Virginia Air National Guard Retiree's Association on Wednesday, 21 May 1986, 1930 in the Club 149.

Laws of armed conflict

It has been said, "War is a civilization gone mad." Yet, despite the brutality, ferocity and uncertainty that occasions war, one thing is clear: The laws of armed conflict do apply to all military people.

As a member of the armed services, it is your duty to know and understand the laws. Violations can lead to prosecution under the Uniform Code of Military Justice.

Is it permissible to attack an enemy facility that is clearly marked as a hospital? Well, the answer depends on how the facility is being used. If the hospital is truly functioning as a medical facility, then it is off limits.

If the hospital building is merely being used to disguise military operations, then it is a legitimate target. As such, the law requires that you assess such targets in terms of their use.

Is a descending parachutist a legitimate target? Again, the answer depends upon more facts. If a parachutist is descending for the purpose of combat, then he is clearly a permissible target.

If a parachutist has bailed out of a disabled aircraft, then he may not be attacked while he is descending. However, once he lands, he is subject to immediate capture and may be attacked if he attempts to escape, resist, or is behind his own lines.

Is it permissible to lure enemy troops into the open by waving a white surrender flag? Absolutely not. The law refers to this as perfidy -- an attempt to falsely create a situation whereby an adversary is lulled into the belief that no precautions are necessary under international law.

At first, one may question the reasoning for this prohibition, especially since war is regarded as "civilization gone mad." However, the logic behind perfidy is indisputable.

If the white flag caused the death of enemy troops, how do you think the surviving enemy soldiers would respond to another white flag? If you were genuinely surrendering, would you want to risk being killed because a white flag no longer meant surrender? The prohibition against perfidy is designed to foster trust among combatants, despite the chaotic nature of war.

As these three examples make clear, the laws of armed conflict must be learned, and not from watching Hollywood movies.

To begin with, each Air Force member should become familiar with Air Force Pamphlet 110-31 which details the laws. These are principals our country has agreed to follow. The propaganda impact of a LOAC violation may overshadow or even outweigh important gains on the battlefield. (AFNS -- courtesy MAC News Service)

The Association had a sit-down seafood dinner at it's monthly meeting, Wednesday, 16 April 1986. Once again, we owe a vote of thanks to members of the 192d TFG.

Joe Germain was the dinner host, but he was most ably assisted by Bill Murphy, Jim and Carolyn Gwaltney, Mitch Carter, Valeria Martin, Dee Machalski, and I am sure there were others I did not see. The meal was delicious and plentiful. I am sure everyone, even Courtney Purvis, got enough to eat.

Bobby Mantlo and Gayle Mitchell were behind the bar, as they always are, and I want to apologize to Gayle for not thanking her before now for opening the bar for our March meeting while Bobby was in Savannah.

We members of the association hope to repay you guys for your favors, and if you need any of us for help please do not hesitate to call. I am sure Garland Hamlett has all of our names and phone numbers.

Garland is our main contact with the unit, and he is most appreciated, even if you don't see his name come up very often. Thanks, Garland, for always being ready to assist. We are looking forward to having you as a member of our association, but we sure hate the idea of you not being in Admin when we need you.

See you guys at the 10-K and Special Olympics.

Drug testing...

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Urine samples from the Virginia Air Guard will be sent to laboratories at Brooks AFB, Texas. To assure the most accurate results possible, the samples may undergo up to three separate tests. The tests measure marijuana's active ingredient, or THC, in units called nanograms. Put in perspective, there are 457 grams in a pound, and a nanogram is to a gram what an inch is to 15,783.17 miles. Traces of THC can consequently be found in the urine for up to four weeks after smoking marijuana.

At least 100 nanograms must be present in a urine sample to test positive. This means that those who passively inhale marijuana smoke while in a room when others are smoking will not test as positive.

The specifics of how the drug testing program is to be run at the local level has been delegated by the Guard Bureau to each state's surgeon general, social actions officer, and judge advocate. However, the Bureau has released the following requirements.

1. Personnel who test positive on the urinalysis WILL BE DISCHARGED FROM THE AIR NATIONAL GUARD.

2. The Air National Guard does not have the resources to run a rehabilitative program as in the Air Force. Therefore, self-identified drug abusers will also be DISCHARGED FROM THE AIR NATIONAL GUARD. At the same time, all abusers - whether self-identified or proving positive through urinalysis - will be referred to community resources for rehabilitation and treatment.

Should you have any questions about the program, contact MAJ Andy Willis at (304) 344-4227 or mail your questions addressed to his attention at Headquarters, VaANG, P.O. Box 297, Sandston, Virginia 23150-0297.

Promotions

Congratulations to the following personnel who were promoted to the grades indicated effective 1 May 1986.

TECHNICAL SERGEANT

TSG Mary Ruth Halapatz 192d CSS
TSG Edward L. Wray 192d RMS

STAFF SERGEANT

SSG David J. Kinsey 200th WS
SSG Eugene F. Casterline 192d CAMS

SENIOR AIRMAN

SRA Tennyson H. Jackson 192d RMS
SRA Monica S. McAlister 192d RMS

Physical fitness testing

Ah yes, springtime...the chirping of birds, the smell of flowers, and - you guessed it, physical fitness testing.

Remember, You have your choice of a 1.5 mile run/walk or a 3 mile walk.

Here are the required completion times:

WALK/RUN 1.5 MILE		
AGE	MALE	FEMALE
17-29	14:30	15:36
30-39	15:00	16:30
40-49	16:00	17:30
50+	17:00	18:15

WALK ONLY 3 MILES		
AGE	MALE	FEMALE
17-29	40:54	43:52
30-39	42:04	45:10
40-49	44:25	47:44
50+	48:29	52:02

If you haven't been training regularly, you should begin now. We all owe it to ourselves, our families, and the unit to maintain a high level of fitness. A few minutes a day is all it takes.

And who knows? You might even decide to enter the VaANG 10K Special to benefit Special Olympics.

The 192d Combat Support Squadron will begin this years testing on Saturday, May 3. All CSS members should bring appropriate running attire and report in front of the O&T Building at 0900. For more information, contact the CSS Orderly Room on X302.

How to handle a major accident

A major accident is one involving nuclear/chemical weapons, biological research agents, components, materials, agents, or other dangerous materials. A major accident is differentiated from those day-to-day emergencies and accidents which are routinely responded to by assigned base emergency forces. It is an accident causing extensive damage to Federal or civil property or one producing personnel casualties. It may also be of such magnitude or unusual circumstances as to reflect adversely on the USAF.

Any individual who discovers or is made aware of a major accident should insure that one of the following agencies is notified by the most rapid means available: Command Post (Ext. 411/400), Fire Department (317), and Security Police (320).

These agencies have the means and established procedures to insure that the information is passed over the Primary and Secondary Crash Nets, alerting the necessary response agencies.

The individual who discovered the accident/incident should alert other personnel in the area of the situation so that immediate evacuation of the area can be accomplished. Personnel who are notified to evacuate or that are within a 2000 feet radius of the accident/incident site should evacuate immediately; preferably upwind or as directed by the Security Police. Only those personnel directly involved in containment, suppression and/or rescue actions, or those involved in moving aircraft and/or essential support equipment, will remain inside the 2000 foot cordon.

When the situation becomes uncontrollable, or the firefighting and withdrawal times (for explosives) are within four minutes of expiration, the withdrawal signal will be sounded by the Fire Chief. At this time, ALL PERSONNEL, including those persons involved in suppression, containment, and rescue operations must evacuate from within the 2000 foot radius immediately. After withdrawal, no one will reenter the 2000 foot cordon without the knowledge and approval of the On-Scene Commander.

All requests for information regarding the accident/incident (especially from news representatives, civil authorities or interested individuals) must be referred to the Information Officer, and/or the On-Scene Commander.

